

## SB0027S01 compared with SB0027

{Omitted text} shows text that was in SB0027 but was omitted in SB0027S01  
{inserted text} shows text that was not in SB0027 but was inserted into SB0027S01

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# LONG TITLE

### **General Description:**

This bill addresses the offense of assault or threat of violence against a peace officer or military service member.

## **Highlighted Provisions:**

This bill:

- separates into two statutes the offenses of assault or threat of violence against a peace officer and assault or threat of violence against a military service member in uniform;
- amends the offense of assault or threat of violence against a peace officer to include:
  - assaults or threats of violence against off-duty peace officers if the actor committed the offense because of the peace officer's status as a peace officer; {or} and
    - assaults or threats of violence against family members of a peace officer if the actor committed the offense because of the peace officer's status as a peace officer; {and}
- **amends the offense of assault or threat of violence against a military service member in uniform by:**
  - **renaming the offense to assault or threat of violence against a military service member;**

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19           • including assaults or threats of violence against off-duty military service members and military service members not in uniform during the assault or threat of violence if the actor committed the offense because of the military service member's status as a military service member; and

23           • including assaults or threats of violence against family members of a military service member if the actor committed the offense because of the military service member's status as a peace officer; and

19           ▸ makes technical and conforming changes.

### 27 Money Appropriated in this Bill:

28           None

### 29 Other Special Clauses:

30           None

### 31 Utah Code Sections Affected:

#### 32 AMENDS:

33           **76-3-203.3** , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2025, Chapters 173, 208

34           **76-5-102.4** , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 44

35           **76-5-203** , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2025, Chapters 173, 204, 208, and 284

#### 36 ENACTS:

37           **76-5-102.10** , Utah Code Annotated 1953

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39 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

40           Section 1. Section **76-3-203.3** is amended to read:

#### 41           **76-3-203.3. Penalty for hate crimes -- Civil rights violation.**

As used in this section:

36           (1) "Primary offense" means those offenses provided in Subsection (4).

37           (2)

40           (a) A person who commits any primary offense with the intent to intimidate or terrorize another person or with reason to believe that his action would intimidate or terrorize that person is subject to Subsection (2)(b).

40           (b)

40           (i) A class C misdemeanor primary offense is a class B misdemeanor; and

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41 (ii) a class B misdemeanor primary offense is a class A misdemeanor.

42 (3) "Intimidate or terrorize" means an act which causes the person to fear for his physical safety or  
damages the property of that person or another. The act must be accompanied with the intent to  
cause or has the effect of causing a person to reasonably fear to freely exercise or enjoy any right  
secured by the Constitution or laws of the state or by the Constitution or laws of the United States.

47 (4) Primary offenses referred to in Subsection (1) are the misdemeanor offenses for:

48 (a) assault and related offenses under Sections 76-5-102, 76-5-102.4, 76-5-102.10, 76-5-106, 76-5-107,  
and 76-5-108;

50 (b) any misdemeanor property destruction offense under Sections 76-6-102 and 76-6-104, and  
Subsection 76-6-106(2)(a);

52 (c) any criminal trespass offense under Sections 76-6-204 and 76-6-206;

53 (d) any misdemeanor theft offense under Chapter 6, Offenses Against Property;

54 (e) any offense of obstructing government operations under Sections 76-8-301, 76-8-301.2, 76-8-302,  
76-8-305, 76-8-306, 76-8-307, 76-8-308, 76-8-309.2, and 76-8-313;

57 (f) any offense of interfering or intending to interfere with activities of colleges and universities under  
Chapter 8, Part 7, Colleges and Universities;

59 (g) any misdemeanor offense against public order and decency as defined in Chapter 9, Part 1, Breaches  
of the Peace and Related Offenses, other than Section 76-9-105.5, 76-9-105.6, 76-9-110, 76-9-111,  
76-9-112, 76-9-113, or 76-9-114;

62 (h) any telephone abuse offense under Sections 76-12-202, 76-12-203, 76-12-204, and 76-12-206;

64 (i) any cruelty to animals offense under Sections 76-13-202, 76-13-203, and 76-13-204;

65 (j) any weapons offense under Section 76-11-207; or

66 (k) a violation of Section 76-9-102, if the violation occurs at an official meeting.

67 (5) This section does not affect or limit any individual's constitutional right to the lawful expression  
of free speech or other recognized rights secured by the Constitution or laws of the state or by the  
Constitution or laws of the United States.

77 Section 2. Section **76-5-102.4** is amended to read:

78 **76-5-102.4. Assault or threat of violence against a peace officer or a family member of a  
peace officer.**

73 (1)

74 (a) As used in this section:

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74 (i) "Assault" means an offense under Section 76-5-102.

75 [ (ii) "Military service member in uniform" means:]

76 [(A) a member of any branch of the United States military who is wearing a uniform as authorized by  
the member's branch of service; or]

78 [(B) a member of the National Guard serving as provided in Section 39A-3-103.]

79 (ii) "Family member" means an individual's spouse, surviving spouse, parent, grandparent, sibling,  
child, or any other individual related to the individual by consanguinity or affinity to the second  
degree.

82 (iii) "Peace officer" means:

83 (A) a law enforcement officer certified under Section 53-13-103;

84 (B) a correctional officer under Section 53-13-104;

85 (C) a special function officer under Section 53-13-105; or

86 (D) a federal officer under Section 53-13-106.

87 (iv) "Threat of violence" means an offense under Section 76-5-107.

88 (b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.

89 (2)

90 [(a)] An actor commits assault or threat of violence against a peace officer or a family member of a  
peace officer if:

91 [(i)] (a) the actor commits an assault or threat of violence against a peace officer[,] or a family  
member of a peace officer;

92 (b) [with knowledge] the actor knows that the [peace officer] individual described in Subsection  
(2)(a) is a peace officer or a family member of a peace officer; and

93 (c) the assault or threat of violence described in Subsection (2)(a) is intentionally committed:

94 (i) against a peace officer at the time the officer is acting within the scope of the peace officer's  
authority as a peace officer;

95 (ii) against a peace officer because of the peace officer's status as a peace officer; or

96 (iii) against a family member of a peace officer because of the {family member's relation to the peace  
officer due to the} peace officer's status as a peace officer.

97 [(ii) at the time of the assault or threat of violence, the peace officer was acting within the scope of  
the authority as a peace officer.]

98 [(b) An actor commits an assault or threat of violence against a military service member in uniform if:]

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106 [ (i) the actor commits an assault or threat of violence against a military service member in uniform;  
107 and]  
108 [ (ii) at the time of the assault or threat of violence, the service member was on orders and acting within  
109 the scope of authority granted to the military service member in uniform.]  
111 (3)  
112 (a) [A] Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b) or (c), a violation of Subsection (2) is a class A  
113 misdemeanor.  
114 (b) [Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a)] Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), a violation of  
115 Subsection (2) is a third degree felony if the actor:  
116 (i) has been previously convicted of a class A misdemeanor or a felony violation of:  
117 (A) [-]this section; or  
118 (B) assault or threat of violence against a military service member {in uniform} as described in Section  
119 76-5-102.10; or  
120 (ii) causes substantial bodily injury.  
121 (c) [Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) or (b), a] A violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree  
122 felony if the actor uses:  
123 (i) a dangerous weapon; or  
124 (ii) other means or force likely to produce death or serious bodily injury.  
125 (4) This section does not affect or limit any individual's constitutional right to the lawful expression of  
126 free speech, the right of assembly, or any other recognized rights secured by the Utah Constitution  
127 or [laws] state law, or by the United States Constitution or federal law.  
128 (5) An actor who violates this section shall serve, in jail or another correctional facility, a minimum of:  
129 (a) 90 consecutive days for a second offense; and  
130 (b) 180 consecutive days for each subsequent offense.  
131 (6) The court may suspend the imposition or execution of the sentence required under Subsection (5)  
132 if the court finds that the interests of justice would be best served by the suspension and the court  
133 makes specific findings concerning the disposition on the record.  
134 Section 3. Section 3 is enacted to read:  
135 **76-5-102.10. Assault or threat of violence against a military service member {in uniform} or  
136 a family member of a military service member.**  
137 (1)

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(a) As used in this section:

(i) "Assault" means an offense under Section 76-5-102.

(ii) "Military service member {in uniform} " means:

(A) a member of any branch of the United States {military who is wearing a uniform as authorized by the member's branch of service} armed forces; or

(B) a member of the National Guard {serving as provided in Section 39A-3-103} or State Defense Force.

(iii) "Threat of violence" means an offense under Section 76-5-107.

(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.

(2) An actor commits assault or threat of violence against a military service member {in uniform} if:

(a) the actor commits an assault or threat of violence against a military service member {in uniform} or a family member of a military service member; {and}

(b) the actor knows that the individual described in Subsection (2)(a) is a military service member or a family member of a military service member; and

(c) the assault or threat of violence described in Subsection (2)(a) is intentionally committed:

(b){(i)} against a military service member at the time {of} the {assault or threat of violence, the} military service member {was on orders and} is acting within the scope of {authority granted to} the military service member's authority as a military service member {in uniform} ;

(ii) against a military service member because of the military service member's status as a military service member; or

(iii) against a family member of a military service member because of the military service member's status as a military service member.

(3)

(a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b) or (c), a violation of Subsection (2) is a class A misdemeanor.

(b) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), a violation of Subsection (2) is a third degree felony if the actor:

(i) has been previously convicted of a class A misdemeanor or a felony violation of:

(A) this section; or

(B) assault or threat of violence against a peace officer as described in Section 76-5-102.4; or

(ii) causes substantial bodily injury.

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163 (c) A violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree felony if the actor uses:  
164 (i) a dangerous weapon; or  
165 (ii) other means or force likely to produce death or serious bodily injury.  
166 (4) This section does not affect or limit any individual's constitutional right to the lawful expression of  
free speech, the right of assembly, or any other recognized rights secured by the Utah Constitution  
or state law, or by the United States Constitution or federal law.  
169 (5) An actor who violates this section shall serve, in jail or another correctional facility, a minimum of:  
171 (a) 90 consecutive days for a second offense; and  
172 (b) 180 consecutive days for each subsequent offense.  
173 (6) The court may suspend the imposition or execution of the sentence required under Subsection (5)  
if the court finds that the interests of justice would be best served by the suspension and the court  
makes specific findings concerning the disposition on the record.

190 Section 4. Section **76-5-203** is amended to read:

**76-5-203. Murder -- Penalties-- Affirmative defense and special mitigation -- Separate  
offenses. -- Affirmative defense and special mitigation -- Separate offenses.**

180 (1)  
181 (a) As used in this section, "predicate offense" means:  
182 (i) a clandestine drug lab violation under Section 58-37d-4 or 58-37d-5;  
184 (ii) aggravated child abuse, under Subsection 76-5-109.2(3)(a), when the abused individual is  
185 younger than 18 years old;  
186 (iii) child torture under Section 76-5-109.4;  
187 (iv) kidnapping under Section 76-5-301;  
188 (v) child kidnapping under Section 76-5-301.1;  
189 (vi) aggravated kidnapping under Section 76-5-302;  
190 (vii) rape under Section 76-5-402;  
191 (viii) rape of a child under Section 76-5-402.1;  
192 (ix) object rape under Section 76-5-402.2;  
193 (x) object rape of a child under Section 76-5-402.3;  
194 (xi) forcible sodomy under Section 76-5-403;  
195 (xii) sodomy upon a child under Section 76-5-403.1;  
196 (xiii) forcible sexual abuse under Section 76-5-404;

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195 (xiv) sexual abuse of a child under Section 76-5-404.1;  
196 (xv) aggravated sexual abuse of a child under Section 76-5-404.3;  
197 (xvi) aggravated sexual assault under Section 76-5-405;  
198 (xvii) arson under Section 76-6-102;  
199 (xviii) aggravated arson under Section 76-6-103;  
200 (xix) burglary under Section 76-6-202;  
201 (xx) aggravated burglary under Section 76-6-203;  
202 (xxi) robbery under Section 76-6-301;  
203 (xxii) aggravated robbery under Section 76-6-302;  
204 (xxiii) escape under Section 76-8-309;  
205 (xxiv) aggravated escape under Section 76-8-309.3; or  
206 (xxv) a violation of Section 76-11-209 or 76-11-210 regarding discharge of a firearm or dangerous weapon.

208 (b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.

209 (2) An actor commits murder if:

210 (a) the actor intentionally or knowingly causes the death of another individual;

211 (b) intending to cause serious bodily injury to another individual, the actor commits an act clearly dangerous to human life that causes the death of the other individual;

213 (c) acting under circumstances evidencing a depraved indifference to human life, the actor knowingly engages in conduct that creates a grave risk of death to another individual and thereby causes the death of the other individual;

216 (d)

(i) the actor is engaged in the commission, attempted commission, or immediate flight from the commission or attempted commission of any predicate offense, or is a party to the predicate offense;

219 (ii) an individual other than a party described in Section 76-2-202 is killed in the course of the commission, attempted commission, or immediate flight from the commission or attempted commission of any predicate offense; and

222 (iii) the actor acted with the intent required as an element of the predicate offense;

223 (e) the actor recklessly causes the death of a peace officer or military service member [in uniform] while in the commission or attempted commission of:

225 (i) an assault against a peace officer under Section 76-5-102.4;

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226 (ii) interference with a peace officer while making a lawful arrest under Section 76-8-305 if the actor  
uses force against the peace officer; or

228 (iii) an assault against a military service member in uniform under Section [76-5-102.4] 76-5-102.10;  
or

230 (f) the actor commits a homicide that would be aggravated murder, but the offense is reduced in  
accordance with Subsection 76-5-202(4).

232 (3)

233 (a)

234 (i) A violation of Subsection (2) is a first degree felony.

235 (ii) A defendant who is convicted of murder shall be sentenced to imprisonment for an  
indeterminate term of not less than 15 years and which may be for life.

236 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), if the trier of fact finds the elements of murder, or alternatively,  
attempted murder, as described in this section are proved beyond a reasonable doubt, and also finds  
that the existence of special mitigation is established by a preponderance of the evidence and in  
accordance with Section 76-5-205.5, the court shall enter a judgment of conviction as follows:

237 (i) if the trier of fact finds the defendant guilty of murder, the court shall enter a judgment of conviction  
for manslaughter; or

238 (ii) if the trier of fact finds the defendant guilty of attempted murder, the court shall, notwithstanding  
Subsection 76-4-102(1)(b) or 76-4-102(1)(c), enter a judgment of conviction for attempted  
manslaughter.

239 (4)

240 (a) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of murder or attempted murder that the defendant caused the  
death of another individual or attempted to cause the death of another individual under a reasonable  
belief that the circumstances provided a legal justification or excuse for the conduct although the  
conduct was not legally justifiable or excusable under the existing circumstances.

241 (b) The reasonable belief of the actor under Subsection (4)(a) shall be determined from the viewpoint of  
a reasonable person under the then existing circumstances.

242 (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), if the trier of fact finds the elements of murder, or alternatively,  
attempted murder, as described in this section are proved beyond a reasonable doubt, and also finds  
the affirmative defense described in this Subsection (4) is not disproven beyond a reasonable doubt,  
the court shall enter a judgment of conviction as follows:

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257 (i) if the trier of fact finds the defendant guilty of murder, the court shall enter a judgment of conviction  
for manslaughter; or

259 (ii) if the trier of fact finds the defendant guilty of attempted murder, the court shall enter a judgment of  
conviction for attempted manslaughter.

261 (5)

263 (a) Any predicate offense that constitutes a separate offense does not merge with the crime of murder.

263 (b) An actor who is convicted of murder, based on a predicate offense that constitutes a separate  
offense, may also be convicted of, and punished for, the separate offense.

278 **Section 5. Effective date.**

Effective Date.

This bill takes effect on May 6, 2026.

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